

Correction: Mesothelin-Specific Chimeric Antigen Receptor mRNA-Engineered T Cells Induce Antitumor Activity in Solid Malignancies

In this article (Cancer Immunol Res 2014;2:112–20), which appeared in the February 2014 issue of *Cancer Immunology Research* (1), the description of antibody pattern alterations after CARTmeso cell infusion in patient 21211-101 in the Results section on page 117 is incorrect and does not match that shown in Fig. 4B. During the preparation of the original manuscript, the figure listed sampling days of 0, 64, and 99. During the revision process, the authors discovered that the days in Fig. 4B were mislabeled and the samples were actually from Days –7, 57, and 92, as described in the original figure legend. Panel B of the figure was updated and is correct as published. However, the text was not updated and should be corrected to read:

"For instance, several new antibodies were detected in the 64- to 80-kDa regions at day +57 that were less abundant or absent at day +92. In addition, several new antibodies could be detected at day +92 that were not observed at baseline or at day +57."

Also, the Supplementary Data for the article was not updated; the final sentence of the Supplemental Results should read as follows:

"HACA responses became detectable in PDA patient 21211-101 after completing Schedule 3 (day +57) (Fig. S2)."

The final sentence of the Supplementary Fig. S2 legend should read as follows:

"Post-serum time points for each patient are as follows: MPM 17510-105 – day +44; and PDA 21211-101 – day +57."

The Supplementary Data has been updated on the online journal.

Reference

1. Beatty GL, Haas AR, Maus MV, Torigian DA, Soulen MC, Plesa G, et al. Mesothelin-specific chimeric antigen receptor mRNA-engineered T cells induce antitumor activity in solid malignancies. *Cancer Immunol Res* 2014;2:112–20.

Published online February 6, 2015.

doi: 10.1158/2326-6066.CIR-15-0007

©2015 American Association for Cancer Research.

Cancer Immunology Research

Correction: Mesothelin-Specific Chimeric Antigen Receptor mRNA-Engineered T Cells Induce Antitumor Activity in Solid Malignancies

Cancer Immunol Res 2015;3:217.

Updated version Access the most recent version of this article at:
<http://cancerimmunolres.aacrjournals.org/content/3/2/217>

Cited articles This article cites 1 articles, 1 of which you can access for free at:
<http://cancerimmunolres.aacrjournals.org/content/3/2/217.full#ref-list-1>

E-mail alerts [Sign up to receive free email-alerts](#) related to this article or journal.

Reprints and Subscriptions To order reprints of this article or to subscribe to the journal, contact the AACR Publications Department at pubs@aacr.org.

Permissions To request permission to re-use all or part of this article, use this link
<http://cancerimmunolres.aacrjournals.org/content/3/2/217>.
Click on "Request Permissions" which will take you to the Copyright Clearance Center's (CCC) Rightslink site.