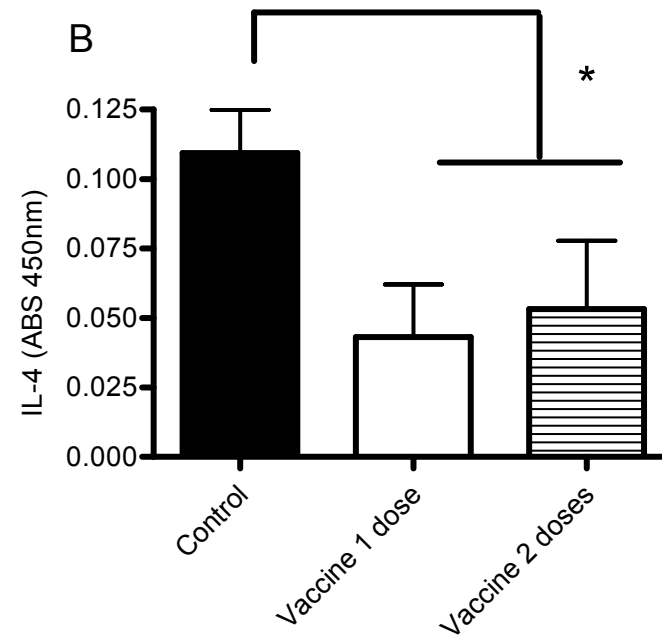
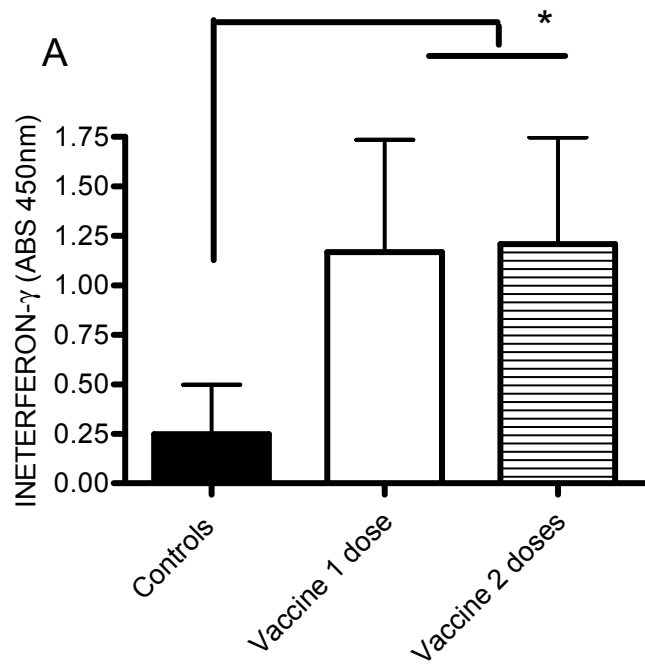


SI Fig 1 **Tumor growth in rats treated with non-reduced tumor lysate *versus* control (Adjuvant only) in two separate experiments**

For this experiment rat tumor lysate was prepared as follows. 1ml rat lysate was precipitated overnight at -20°C with 10ml acetone followed by centrifugation at 12,100g for 30 mins at 4°C . The pellet was allowed to dry before being resuspended in 400 μl sterile phosphate buffered saline (PBS). This was mixed with 400 μl Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant (FIA; Sigma, St Louis, Missouri, USA) and provided non-reduced vaccine for 3 rats. Rats received 250 μl of vaccine or FIA in PBS (controls) intraperitoneally (i.p), followed by a booster shot 3 weeks later. Rats were then challenged with 1×10^6 9L cells in 100 μl serum free media in the flank and this was termed day zero. Tumors were measured by calipers 3 times per week and tumour volume calculated using the equation $(\text{width}^2 \times \text{length})/2 = \text{cm}^3$.

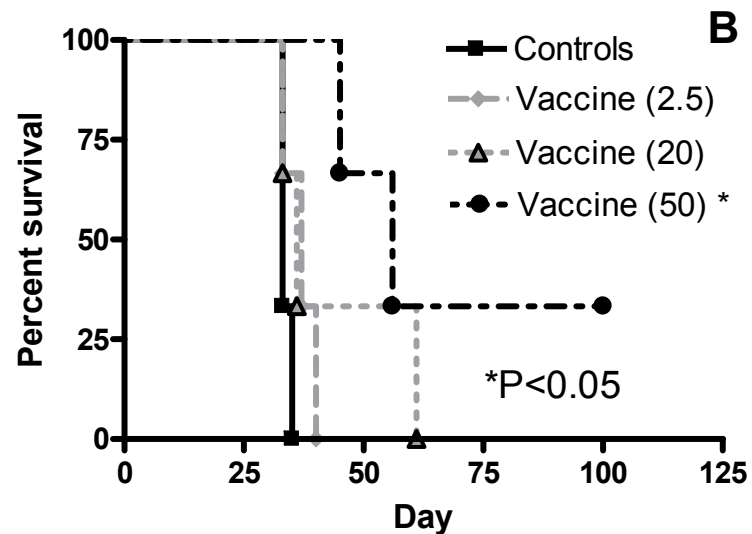
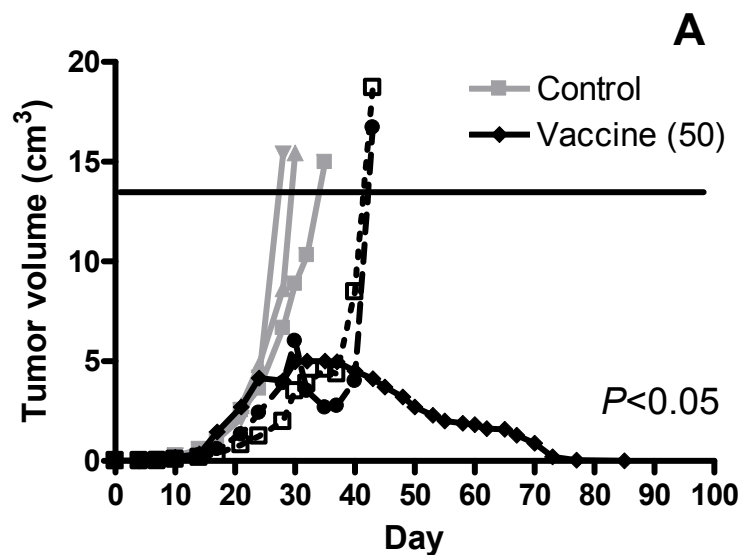
The horizontal line indicates a tumor volume of 13.5cm^3 (approximately 3 cm by 3 cm) and the ethical endpoint for euthanasia.



SI Fig 2

- A. Interferon- γ levels in controls, single vaccine dose or 2 dose treated rats 21 days post tumour challenge.
- B. IL-4 levels in controls, single vaccine dose or 2 dose treated rats 21 days post tumour treatment.

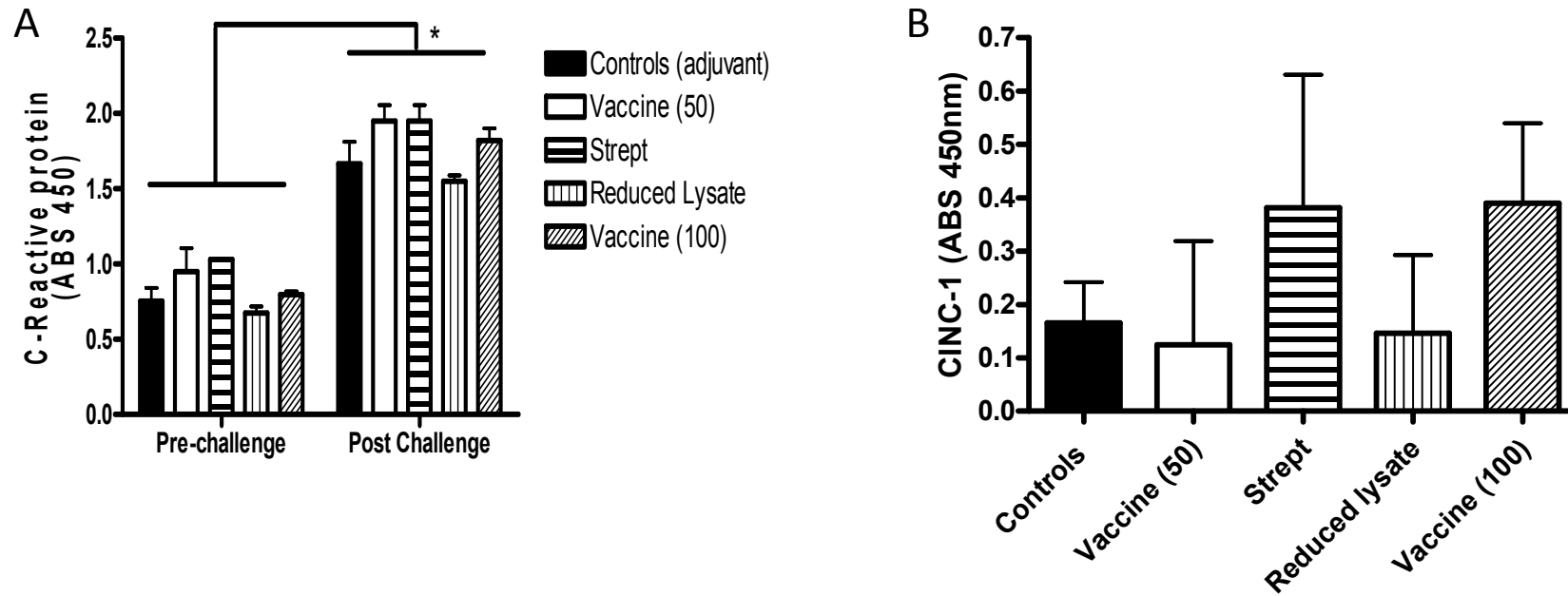
* = $p < 0.05$



SI Fig 3

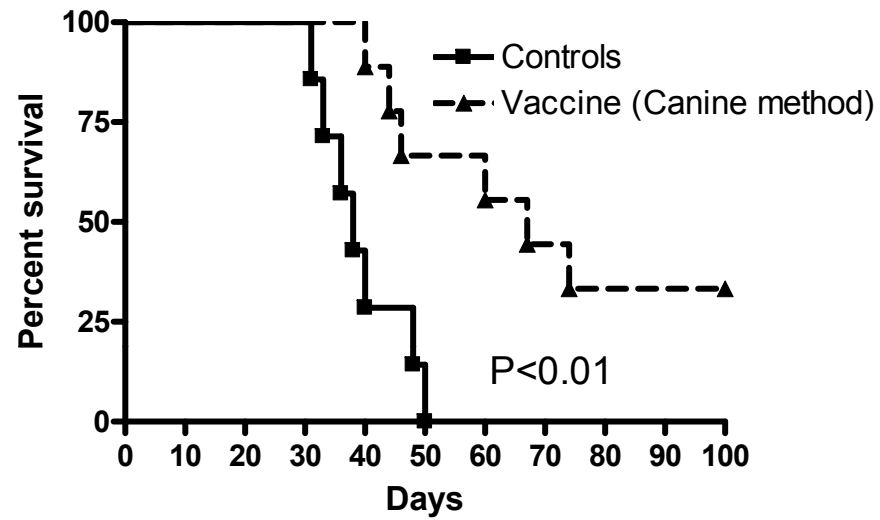
A. Vaccine (50) versus control (adjuvant only) in a repeat experiment. Vaccine (50) rats received 2 s.c doses of vaccine 3 weeks apart. Rats (n=3 for each group) were challenged with 1×10^6 9L cells in 100 μ l serum free media in the flank at day zero.

B. Low dose streptavidin vaccine experiment. Rats received 2 s.c doses of vaccine at either 2.5 μ g, 20 μ g or 50 μ g streptavidin per dose three weeks apart. Rats were then challenged with 1×10^6 9L cells in 100 μ l serum free media in the flank and this was termed day zero (n=3 for each group).



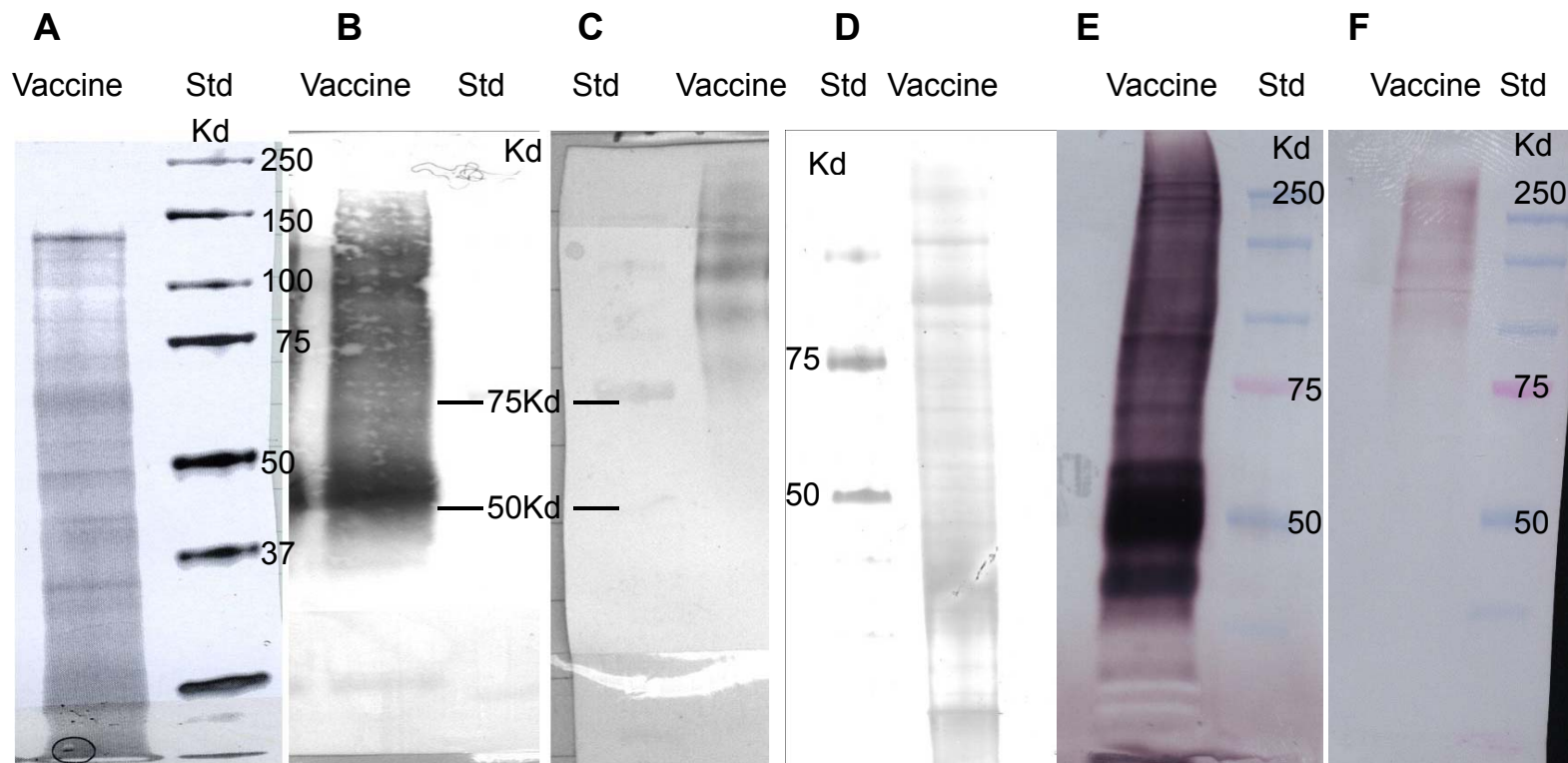
SI Fig 4

- A. C-reactive protein levels post vaccination/pre-tumour challenge and 21 days post tumour challenge.
- B. CINC-1 serum levels at endpoint
- * = $p < 0.05$



SI Fig 5

Survival of rats vaccinated with vaccine produced using the canine vaccine production method versus control (adjuvant only)



SI Fig 6

- A. Silver stain of a typical canine Individualized autologous vaccine
 - B. Streptavidin binding in canine autologous vaccine
 - C. Biotin binding in canine autologous vaccine.
 - D. Silver stain of rat glioma vaccine (50)
 - E. Streptavidin binding in a glioma vaccine (50)
 - F. Biotin binding in glioma vaccine (50).
- Std: Standard molecular weight marker (Precision plus Biorad)